



VILLAGE GOVERNMENT'S PERFORMANCE IN VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT - COMPARATIVE STUDY OF MATTONE KAMPUNG BARU VILLAGE AND PASAR BARU VILLAGE, ON IMPLEMENTATION "1 BILLION 1 VILLAGE" PROGRAM IN TANAH BUMBU DISTRICT, INDONESIA

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Abstract:

This research aims to analyze the performance comparison of the village government Mattone Kampung Baru and Pasar Baru village in the implementation of "1 billion 1 village" in the village in Tanah Bumbu District. The study is a qualitative descriptive research. The results showed that village government performance in the implementation of "1 billion 1 village" in the village Mattone Kampung Baru and Pasar Baru village, in terms of the responsiveness of the village government in accommodating and realizing the aspirations of people, in the net and follow up the aspirations of society is well judged. Productivity of development, especially the development of infrastructure in Pasar Baru village reached more maximal and good quality, while Mattone Kampung Baru Village productivity achievement the construction of the tour truck has been in compliance with the standards. Responsibility village government in development supervision infrastructure in the village Mattone Kampung Baru and Pasar Baru village, the village government is doing the division of work according to the duties and functions of each affair. Accountability village government in the form of village Government Accountability Report (LPJ) to the community of Pasar Baru Village and Mattone Kampung Baru submitted in writing through information media in the office of Pasar Baru, while in the village Mattone Kampung Baru is only done orally to citizens through meetings and village meetings. Inhibiting factor in the implementation of "1 billion 1 village" program including human resources factor.

Keywords: performance, village government, "1 billion 1 village" program, productivity, responsivities, responsibility, accountability

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1. Introduction

Village government is an organization that has become part of the local government as a manifestation in the implementation of government affairs, which is implemented by the village government and state-of-the-village Agency (BPD) in regulating, Organizing and managing the interests of local people. When the development of the uneven village allows the influence of various activities of villagers, and various activities that are related either directly or indirectly with the development of the community empowerment of the village, so it is not only the task of village government in development Infrastructure, but it is also the duty and responsibility of the Regency/city government in developing various programs and activities in the development of the village Maschab Mashuri (1:2013) suggests that the village is a simple living society, and is largely dependent on the agricultural sector. Having a strong social bond as well as holding a thick custom and tradition, having an honest and understated nature, the education is partly still low and others.

Mattone Kampung Baru Village is a village located in Kusan Hilir Sub-district with a population of about 2,195 people with many people who are fishermen. Mattone Kampung Baru Village also known as Tourism village because it has many tourist objects one of the bull tomb heroes, grave of the Bugis king and its beaches as one of the facts. Field which is the result of the preliminary study and observation that has been conducted by researchers directly, that the village Mattone Kampung Baru is experiencing obstacles to run the program. One of them is the lack of human resources in most villages that are adequate in terms of education level.

Meanwhile, Pasar Baru village is also a village that goes into the region of Kusan Hilir Sub-district, a village with a population of 3,361 people consisting of 1,008 family heads. The village has educational facilities for the community consisting of 2 pieces of PAUD and other infrastructure. The quality of implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" in the Pasar Baru village based on the observation researchers is already good. Various activities that are being held through the "1 billion 1 village" program such as the construction of small roads in the form of alleys have been implemented smoothly and in good quality.

Different conditions between the two villages in the implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" program in Tanah Bumbu District is hinted that it is still not optimal implementation of the program. The later also illustrates that the low performance of the village government.

Based on the description of the problem above, then the problem formulation in this research is how the government of Mattone Kampung Baru Village performance and Pasar Baru village in the implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" program and factors Barriers and support the performance of the village government Mattone Kampung Baru and Pasar Baru village in the implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" program in the district Tanah Bumbu? Based on the problems and formulation above, this research aims to know how the government of Mattone Kampung Baru Village

performance and Pasar Baru village in the implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" program and to know The inhibitory factor and supporting the performance of the village government Mattone Kampung Baru and Pasar Baru village in the implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" program in the district Tanah Bumbu.

2. Literature Review

2.1 Organizational performance

The word "Kinerja" is a translation of the word performance which has the meaning of appearance or achievement, which in other sense that performance is a level of achievement of an organization's objectives (Yudoyono, 2001). (Prawirosentiono, 1999) Interpreting performance is a result of work achieved by an individual or group of people in an organization based on the authority and responsibilities of each of the efforts Achieving the objectives of an officially concerned organization, not violating the rules of law and based on the moral and ethical.

2.2 Performance measurement of Government organizations

Assessment of the performance of a public bureaucracy can not only be done using the indicators that exist in the bureaucracy of both the indicator of efficiency and effectiveness. It is also measured from indicators that are in the service user such as society such as satisfaction, accountability and responsivities. Dwiyanto (1999) presents several indicators that can be used to measure public bureaucracy performance, namely:

1. Productivity

The concept of productivity is not merely measuring efficiency, but also assessing the effectiveness of service levels. Productivity is generally understood as a comparison between inputs and outputs.

2. Responsivities

Responsivity is the ability of government organizations to recognize the needs of the community, develop the agenda and virtue of services and develop various services programs and develop various services programs to Community according to the needs and aspirations of society.

3. Responsibility

Responsibility is an explanation of the implementation of the activities of the public organization is appropriate or not with the principles of correct administration and in accordance with the policies of public organizations, which are explicit or implicitly.

4. Accountability

Accountability is a public organization pointed at the policies and activities of public organizations will always be obedient and subject to political officials elected by the people.

2.3 Village Government

Village Government is the act of ruling that was instituted by the village government and the village consultative body in a state governing and managing the interests of the Community in accordance with the local origin and customs in order Achieving the state's organizing objectives. In relation to the arrangement and management of community interests is demonstrated by a process of relationship between the holders of government power with the people. The relationship between government and the people of Taliziduhu ndraha (2008:186) argues that the government is seen as a relationship between the Government and its environment, both internal and external. In that relationship, the government is "acting", i.e. doing or not doing something. The Government's action pattern relies on the government's position against and in conjunction with the environment called "ruled" the government's behavior depends on the reciprocal relationship between the Government and the people.

The head of village has the task of the rule of government affairs, Development, society. The task of the head of the village in organizing government affairs, among others, the management of the Community in accordance with the authority of the village, such as village regulation, establishment of public institutions, establishment of village owned enterprises, and cooperation Between villages. Development affairs include community Empowerment in the provision of village public facilities such as village roads, bridges, irrigation and social affairs.

2.4 "1 billion 1 village" Program

Village funds allocation 1 billion per 1 village handed over to the village government gradually with the system 40% of the first phase, 40% the second stage and 20% the third stage, each stage of the village government previously had to submit planning Development of the village along with a detailed plan of use of the fund, then after the funding of the village government in require surrendered Laporan accountability (LPJ). The 1 billion fund division is 60% for infrastructure Development and 40% for village empowerment. In support of "1 billion 1 village" program in terms of implementation and supervision of local government, giving village Facilitator district level is placed in sub-district.

3. Material and Methods

Research that has done the author is a form of research of qualitative deskriptif, with focus research on the performance of the village government in the implementation of funds "1 billion 1 village" in Mattoke Kampung Baru village and market New in Tanah Bumbu District, source method and data collection using 2 types of sources namely through interviews and village documents, for collection is done by observation, interviews and documentation with the informant of the government and society. Analysis of the data used refers to the rules of qualitative method such as reduction , selection and data conclusions.

4. Results and Discussion

4.1. Overview

Mattone Kampung Baru Village is a in the area of Kusan Hilir Sub-district. The village, which is largely the soil contour, is flat. Population density reaches 2,195 geographically the village is located in the southern region of Tanah Bumbu Regency, with daily life as fishermen and other occupations, palm plantations stretches from east to With an area of approximately 70% of the entire area of the village that reaches 286 hectares.

Pasar Baru Village is a village that is above the face of sea, because the area is Hampir its entire settlement is above the land. Pasar Baru Village is included in the sub-district of Kusan Hilir Tanah Bumbu District. The Pasar Baru area is located about 6 meters from the sea level with an average temperature of 29⁰ C. the area of the Pasar Baru village reaches 29.1 ha which is mostly a settlement of 20 ha and 2.88 ha Used as facilities and infrastructure in the form of roads and alleys. The number of villagers in the Pasar Baru for 2017 data reaches 3,361 inhabitants.

4.2 Discussion

Village government performance in the development of infrastructure in Mattone Kampung Baru Village of and Pasar Baru village of Kusan Hilir Sub-district . Village government productivity in completing the construction of infrastructure in Mattone Kampung Baru Village government is very well seen in terms of needs rather than desire, use and benefits for Community is good enough. For activities in the field village government demands the optimization of time to work to the project worker so that the work can be completed precisely with the time specified in the work contract. If there are activities that can be done with the self-reliance, the village government invites people to cooperate to complete the development of infrastructure.

Village government productivity in completing the development of infrastructure in the Pasar Baru village that needs to be further improved performance productivity in order to complete the construction of the infrastructure, in Start activities do not have to rely on new materials can start with the support of the village government itself in order to go well as well as the utilization of working time to the maximum. Therefore, the village government needs to improve The quality of performance of the village government Mattone Kampung Baru and the government of the Pasar Baru village is quite good in carrying out its duties, authorities and Provide service to the community. As proof of the performance of the village government prioritizes its services to meet the needs and aspirations of the community in the village.

The responsiveness of the Village government in accommodating and realizing the aspirations of the community, in the net Dan follow up the aspirations of the people assessed already good. How the Government of Mattone Kampung Baru in accepting and realizing the aspirations of society, namely by collaborating to each chairman of the RT (neighborhood community) in the village Mattone Kampung Baru to collect RT

residents each to dig out aspirations and complaints in the RT, to then be accommodated by the village government Mattone Kampung Baru. The Aspiration will be Followed up into The village to be proposed in the development program in the village and not necessarily all aspirations can be entered into the Infrastructure development program because aspiration will be assessed In terms of community needs not from the desires that then become a priority development in the village.

Pasar Baru village itself has received and realized the aspirations of people can be delivered directly to the Pasar Baru village government. The Pasar Baru Village government has the initiative to hold meetings in the village office, this is the way taken by the village government and to explore the aspirations of society. People are given the opportunity to be able to convey aspirations during meetings held in the village, whether the complaints that exist in the RT environment and in the village government environment.

Village government itself in the follow-up of community aspirations to be gained from the meeting with the community is to convey and discuss the aspirations together at the deliberation Plan Village development (MUSRENBANG) Then, from the activities of the village, will be generated decisions from the aspirations of the society which will be entered into the development program contained in the mid-term development plan of the village (RPJMDes)

Responsibility of the village government in the supervision of development infrastructure in Mattone Kampung Baru Village of New Kampung, village government to share the work according to the duties and functions of each affairs. The village government also designates several representatives from the village to descend overseeing all activities in the development of infrastructure directly at the location of activities and supervision indirectly from the completeness of the administration Infrastructure development activities. Responsibility in the Pasar Baru village itself in conducting supervision of infrastructure development by terrorize several representatives from the village to conduct a job checking in the field and see The results of the work accordingly or not. Thus the responsibility in the village Mattone Kampung Baru and the Pasar Baru village equally supervise the development activities of infrastructure that takes place in each village.

The purpose of supervisor is to view the work physically as well as from the completeness of the existing administration, whether the results are in accordance with the desired or not, if not good then the steps taken by the village government is according to what is lacking could be good as expected.

The accountability of the Village government in the form of village Government Accountability Report (LPJ) to the people in Pasar Baru Village submitted in writing through the information media in the village office to the Community through Village consultative agency (bpd) and orally through meetings in the village office, and for five years there is no one of Government Accountability Report from the government village that was rejected by the people of Mattone Kampung Baru village. This shows accountability by the village government Mattone Kampung Baru.

Village Government Accountability in the form of village Government Accountability Report (LPJ) to people in Desa Mattone Kampung Baru Baru Kampung rated not optimal because in its delivery is still verbally to the community Through a meeting in the village, there is no seriousness to make in the form of writing and then sticking to the announcement is not carried out well in the village Mattone Kampung Baru.

The accountability shown by the village government Mattone Kampung Baru and the distribution of The Pasar Baru village, both orally and in writing is a form of accountability that must be conveyed by the village government itself, from the content of the accountability report of the community can assess the performance of the village government so far, especially in terms of accountability in delivering accountability report (LPJ) of the village government both to the public and the Regent Through Camat, by laying out a Statement of infrastructure Development Accountability to the community directly, the community feels to be involved due to infrastructure development derived from the aspirations of society and for accountability must also return to the community.

In addition to the positive side, in implementing the "1 billion 1 village" program also gets a negative side which is a challenge for all parties to conduct an evaluation. As for the downside that can be identified is the development of KKN practice, still the difficulty of Human Resources in the village government, the rules of use of funds are always changing.

The ability of the village government is increasingly important benefits because of the demands of the work where many planning affairs indirectly the village government should understand the prevailing laws and the calculation of standardization of development. The implementation of policy depends heavily on the ability of state organizers at the central and regional level in preparing human resources as implementation of "1 billion 1 village" program, associated with factors affecting Village Government's performance in the implementation of the program is clearly seen that the authority factor and human resource factor that affects the performance of a government organization.

There are several barriers and support the performance of the government of Mattone Kampung Baru village New Kampung and Pasar Baru village in order to implement "1 billion 1 village" program in Tanah Bumbu district, including the authority and structure of working organization. Related to this authority, the village chief is placed as the supervisory activity and part of the Giver in the use of funds to be handed over to the TPK. While the involvement of Badan permusyawaratan Desa (bpd) in the village of Mattone Kampung Baru Baru village in order to manage the "1 billion 1 village" activity program only as an activity supervisor.

Technical accountability from village government in Mattone Kampung Baru village of or in the management of activities "1 billion 1 village" program in the form of LPJ and held an accountability meeting.

Meanwhile, the Pasar Baru Village authority is in the village head. But the decisions taken are not separated from the direction of society because the people who know the most for what they want, but the village head who chooses which part is really necessary and very urgent, in the Pasar Baru village BPD does not participate in managing funds but only controlling the performance and funds used by the village, for the Pasar Baru village there are no constraints of the organizational structure that is run at the village government in the implementation of development program activities.

Mattone Kampung Baru Village and device village itself from various background education from elementary to S1, number of devices village in the pasar baru village head of the Village assisted by the chairman of RT for each RT with amounting to 17 people. The level of education is now quite impeding the implementation of the "1 billion 1 village" program, because the information provided sometimes late in the work. Training activities for the village government Mattone Kampung Baru or in an effort to support the implementation of activities "1 billion 1 village" program, the form of reporting training for the village secretary and treasurer. The training of Budget Planning and the use of funds for village facilitators, training activities provide benefits for the smooth implementation of activities held but still less significant.

Pasar Baru village associated with this human resource village device consists of various background education ranging from elementary to S1. But the ability of DESA device in implementing "1 billion 1 village" program is good enough, from the planning phase, implementation until accountability has been carried out well. Development financing in the village Mattone Kampung Baru which is given the budget of funds by the local government to run the program, and the financing provided is sufficient to carry out activities for 1 year. Because before the funds are relegated to the village government village level obliged to submit a budget plan (RAB) development in detail.

Meanwhile for the Pasar Baru village that the allocation of village funds from market retribution. The Pasar Baru village is actually still lacking because of the many that want to be repaired for example improving public health units (SMES) so that the village's original revenue increased not only from market retribution. This is to describe that the desire of the village government to promote the development of the village has good faith. Because of the ability of the village device to always improve both physically and non-physically in the Pasar Baru village. So that's why the funds available are always still insufficient.

5. Recommendations

The recommendations presented based on the results of this research is to the government of soil seasoning to conduct training activities in terms of planning and reporting of activities both administratively and non-administrative for the village government good head Village and village device in Tanah Bumbu Regency more effectively and efficient.

6. Conclusion

- 1) Responsiveness or responsiveness of village government both Mattone Kampung Baru Village Government and Pasar Baru village in absorbing, accommodating up to realize community aspirations, capture or follow up The interest of community aspirations is already good.
- 2) Village government productivity in implementing infrastructure Development program in Mattone Kampung Baru Village of and Pasar Baru village, that productivity implementation of development especially The infrastructure in the Pasar Baru village is achieved in a more maximal and good quality, while for Mattone Kampung Baru Village, the is achieving infrastructure development productivity in accordance with The standard.
- 3) Quality of service in the form of infrastructure development in Mattone Kampung Baru village of already conform to predefined standards, Pasar Baru village is better because in this village use high quality materials.
- 4) The responsibility of the village government, especially in surveillance activities on the construction of infrastructure in Mattone Kampung Baru village , new Kampung and Pasar Baru village, the village government has organized a division of duties and Work in accordance with the function of each activity program.
- 5) Village Government Accountability in the implementation of the program 1 village 1 billion, especially the development activities of physical infrastructure in the form of Accountability Report (LPJ) village government to the community in the village, for the market village New reports are delivered orally to the public through information media, village Mattone Kampung Baru delivered reports through oral and in village meetings.

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The author is a post-graduate student of the University of Lambung Mangkurat year 2016. Which makes this writing in order to complete the final task as one of the requirements in graduation. Writer finds a Bachelor of Education in the Faculty of Social Sciences and Political Science University of Lambung Mangkurat, Indonesia.

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